



Country Sheet

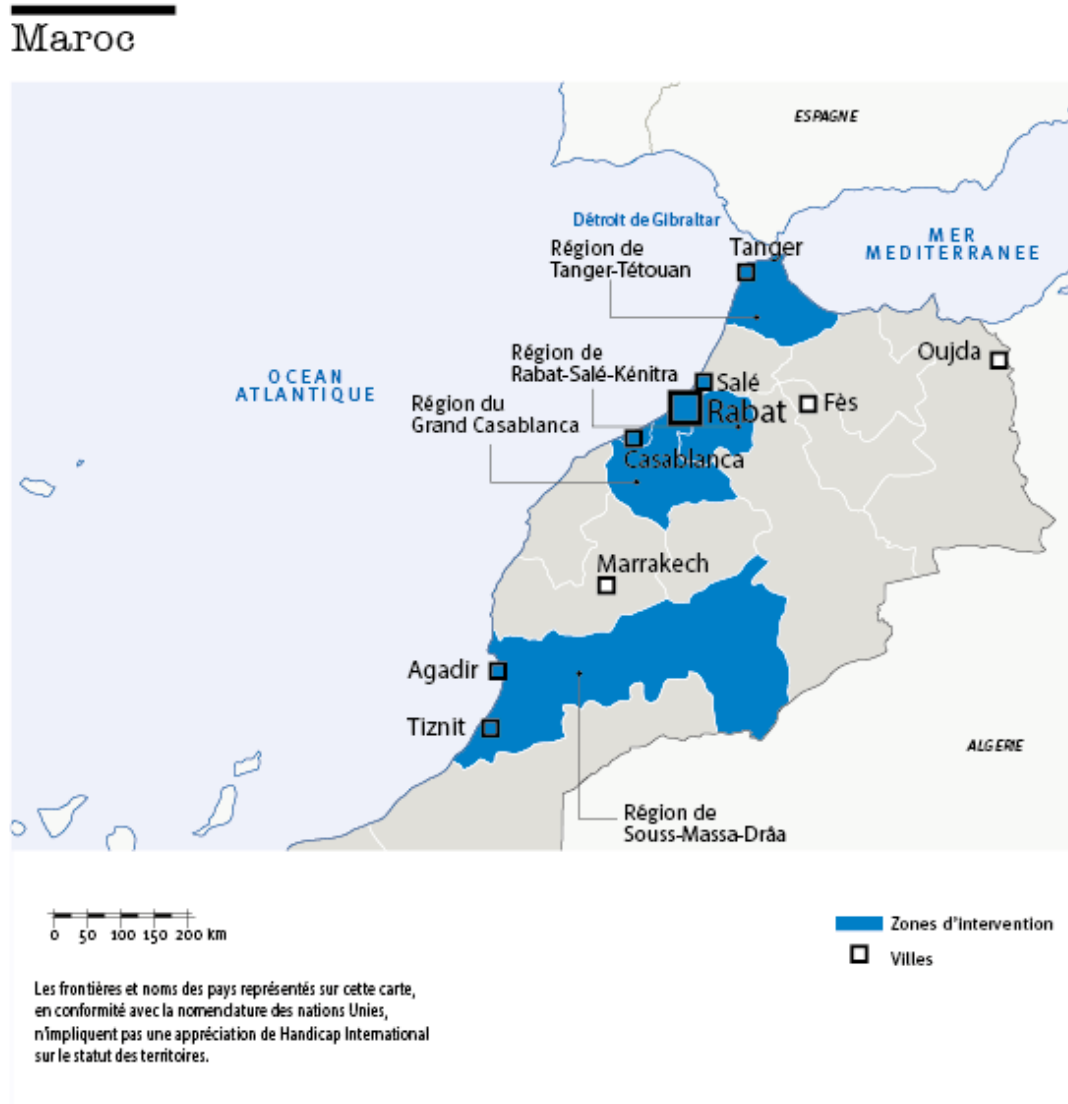
Morocco





HI's team and areas of intervention

There are 17 people on HI's team in Morocco





General Country Data

a. General data

Country	Morocco	Tunisia	France
Population ¹	37,344 787	11,935,764	67,499,343
IHDI		0.596	0.82
Gender development index	0.834	0,900	0.987
Maternal mortality ²	88	42	4
Gini index ³	39.5	32.8	32.4
Population under UNHCR mandate	18,228	9,371	580,898
INFORM index ⁴	3.9	3,4	2,3
Fragile states index ⁵	70.1	68.2	30.9
Public social protection		50.20	100%
Official development assistance received	757.86	984.03	

b. Humanitarian law instruments ratified by the country

Humanitarian law instruments	Status
United Nations Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities	Ratification 08/04/2009
Mine Ban Treaty	Not signed
Convention on Cluster Munitions	Not signed

c. Geopolitical analysis

Social, cultural and demographic context

Morocco is a unitary parliamentary constitutional monarchy with a regionalised structure. Rabat is the Kingdom's capital. The Moroccan population consists mainly of Berbers, Arabs, Moriscos and Haratins from the South. The official languages of Morocco are Berber and Darija Arabic, but other languages are widely spoken such as French, throughout the country, and Spanish in the northern regions. The country has a population of 35,740,000 and, in 2017, the under-25s represented 43% of the population.

¹ High Commission for Planning

² 6th National Survey on Population and Family Health - Morocco

³ *The Gini index is a measure of the distribution of wealth across a population (income, assets, etc.)*

⁴ <https://drmkc.jrc.ec.europa.eu/inform-index/INFORM-Risk/Country-Profile/moduleId/1767/id/386/controller/Admin/action/CountryProfile>

⁵ 2018 : <https://fr.countryeconomy.com/gouvernement/indice-etats-fragiles>



Political situation

At the international level, Morocco continues to position itself as a bridge between Europe and Africa, developing its economic, commercial, security and diplomatic relations with the European Union while being particularly active on the African continent with, in particular, its re-entry into the African Union in 2016 and its request for membership of ECOWAS (the community of West African States) in 2017. In 2021, the country developed closer links with the United States and the State of Israel.

Economic situation

The predominant economic sector in Morocco is agriculture (15% of GDP), which remains very vulnerable to the vagaries of the climate, despite the launch nine years ago of the Green Morocco Plan to develop sustainable agriculture.

The country has few mineral resources, with the exception of phosphate (with 72.4% of the world's phosphate reserves). Its proximity to Europe has enabled it to develop an industrial sector linked mainly to the automobile, textile and food industries. The tertiary sector has benefited from the expansion of activities linked to tourism (although strongly impacted by Covid), trade and telecommunications & customer relations. In terms of economic growth, Morocco has made significant progress over the last two decades. Just three regions produce more than half of the national wealth and are among the most important in terms of production of added value in the primary sector (Rabat Salé Kenitra region), secondary sector (Casablanca Settat, Rabat Salé Kenitra and Tangier Tetouan Al Hoceima regions) and tertiary sector (the same regions). These are also the regions with the biggest recruitment needs.

The Covid 19 pandemic halted national growth and led to significant job losses, causing severe tension in the labour market in a country with one of the lowest labour force participation rates in the world. The Ukrainian crisis, cereal production issues caused by drought and rising fuel prices have led to high inflation, despite an ongoing policy of subsidising essential items.

Summary of HI's work in the country

Present in Morocco since 1993, HI is one of the few INGOs to have signed a Headquarters Agreement with the Moroccan Ministry of Cooperation and Foreign Affairs (1999). Our organisation's historical roots are reflected in a strong network of partnerships with Organisations of People with Disabilities (OPD), supported for over 20 years in developing their capacity for self-representation and action. Since 2011, in a context of reforms, HI Morocco has been working closely with the authorities to foster the development and implementation of inclusive public policies. The programme has also progressively extended its collaboration to civil society



organisations to promote inclusion and help meet the needs of other vulnerable groups, such as women subjected to discrimination and migrant populations.



Overview of current projects

Sectors in which HI is running projects, with a focus on beneficiaries and partners

Main sectors of intervention	Main activities:	Beneficiaries	Partners	Location	Project start and end date	Donors funding the project
Rehabilitation services	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Training of qualified occupational therapists to provide teaching support• Continued support for university education• Promotion of the profession of occupational therapy in sectors including education and employment.• Support for services and young professionals• Technical, financial and organisational support to the Ministry of Health and the Institut Supérieur Des Professions Infirmières et Techniques de Santé (ISPITS)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• 100 service users• Students: 75• Suppliers: 1 training institute, 12 medical or social services• Decision-makers: Ministry of Health• Ministry of Health has 10 young professionals to supervise occupational therapy courses and practical training and to make the training sustainable• A training framework and replication	Moroccan Ministry of Health	Rabat	2021-2023	Department of International Cooperation – Monaco (DCI)



		strategy are in place				
<p>Social & Inclusion / Economic services</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strengthening the capacity of Civil Society Organisations (CSOs) to participate in policy dialogue on employment and improve their advocacy for access to employment for people with disabilities • Strengthening the capacity of an organisation of people with disabilities (OPD) to mobilise young people with disabilities in order to develop job sourcing • Awareness raising and setting up community relays • Supporting private sector companies in developing diversity in recruitment and supporting the recruitment of young people with disabilities • Co-development of employability enhancement activities in liaison with Civil Society Organisations (CSOs), 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 10 Civil Society Organisations / Organisations of people with disabilities • 200 young people supported, 100 of whom have found employment • 8 companies mobilised • Salé Local Information and Guidance Centre (CLIO) and employment sector CSOs • CGEM (civil society) and ANAPEC, • Entraide Nationale, • Local authorities (institutional actors) • Private sector actors (companies) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Local Information and Guidance Centre (CLIO) • Heure Joyeuse 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Morocco (Rabat-Salé and Kenitra), • Tunisia • Senegal • Benin 	<p>July 2021-2023 December</p>	<p>Agence Française de Développement (AFD)</p>






	<p>public employment actors and companies, and implementation of complementary financial support schemes</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Definition of a strategy for the sustainability of support measures that help young people with disabilities find employment 					
<p>Social & Inclusion / Economic services</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Defining an inclusive service offer for ANAPEC (National Agency for the Promotion of Employment and Skills) and pilot in 2 regions • Mobilising companies and supporting them in adopting an inclusive approach to the recruitment and induction of employees with disabilities 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • ANAPEC agencies and regional divisions • Companies • People with disabilities of working age 	<p>Expertise France (in collaboration with Pôle Emploi and Initiative France)</p>	<p>Agadir 2 zones currently changing: Béni Mella, Fes-Méknès</p>	<p>December 2020 - November 2022</p>	<p>European Union: via Agence Française de Développement (AFD)</p>
<p>Health & Prevention Social & Inclusion /</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Capacity building of health actors and implementation of a psycho-social support response 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Vulnerable migrants • Civil society organisations – local CSOs 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Migrations & Développement, • Oxfam • Samu Social de Casablanca 	<p>Casablanca, Agadir</p>	<p>December 2020- November 2023</p>	<p>European Union</p>



<p>Services linked to justice, citizenship and political participation</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Strengthening Civil Society Organisations' capacity to take into account migrant populations (social/legal + emergency aid) and implementing referral mechanisms• Strengthening the capacity of migrant associations to contribute to awareness raising and advocacy• Establishing consultations at regional and national level between civil society and public actors on the subject of migration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Platform of migrant associations• Local services and public service actors				
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Donors

<p>Union Européenne</p> 	<p>Agence Française de Développement (AFD)</p>  <p>MINISTÈRE DE L'EUROPE ET DES AFFAIRES ÉTRANGÈRES</p> <p><i>Liberté Égalité Fraternité</i></p>	<p>Direction de la coopération International de Monaco (DCI)</p>  <p>Gouvernement Princier PRINCIPAUTÉ DE MONACO</p>
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